

## Section II — Non-prescribed Text

**20 marks**

**Attempt Questions 4–5**

**Allow about 50 minutes for this section**

Answer each question in a SEPARATE writing booklet. Extra writing booklets are available.

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In your translations you will be assessed on how well you:

- demonstrate an understanding of the relationship between English and Latin with regard to language structure
  - convey meaning accurately and idiomatically
  - demonstrate understanding of the content and style of the genre
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### Question 4 (15 marks)

Read the extract, then answer the questions that follow. The words in bold are translated on page 9.

*Even kings are subject to a higher power. Advantages of property, birth, reputation or influence cannot prevent the inevitable.*

<b>regum timendorum in proprios greges,</b>	5
<b>reges in ipsos imperium est Iovis,</b>	
<b>clari Giganteo triumpho,</b>	
<b>cuncta supercilio moventis.</b>	

est ut viro vir latius ordinet	
arbusta sulcis, hic generosior	10
descendat in campum petitor,	
moribus hic meliorque fama	

contendat, illi turba clientium	
it maior: aequa lege necessitas	
sortitur insignis et imos,	15
omne capax movet urna nomen.	

Horace, *Odes* III.1.5–16

**Question 4 continues on page 9**

Question 4 (continued)

**Vocabulary**

<i>arbustum, -i</i> n.	orchard, plantation
<i>capax, -acis</i> adj.	large, spacious, roomy
<i>est ut</i>	it is the case that
<i>generosus, -a, -um</i>	well-born, noble
<i>necessitas, -atis</i> f.	compulsion, necessity
<i>ordino, -are, -avi, -atum</i>	1. arrange, lay out 2. compose, record
<i>petitor, -oris</i> m.	candidate
<i>sortior, -iri, -itus sum</i> dep.	decide the fate of
<i>sulcus, -i</i> m.	1. furrow, ditch 2. trail, track
<i>urna, -ae</i> f.	1. vessel 2. ballot box 3. container for the ashes of the dead

Translation of lines 5–8.

*The power of dread kings over their peoples is the power Jove has over those kings themselves, famed for his defeat of the Giants, controlling all with a nod of his head.*

- (a) Complete the translation of the extract (lines 9–16) in ENGLISH, starting from the words *est ut viro ...* and ending in *... movet urna nomen.* **10**
- (b) Identify an example of personification which reflects the universal nature of Horace’s theme. **1**
- (c) Explain how Horace uses language in this extract to convey the idea that all people are subject to destiny, no matter what their status. **4**

**End of Question 4**