

Nationalism was a major cause of the failure of democracy in Germany during 1918 to 1934. Germany's agreement to the Treaty of Versailles and the country being told that they would win World War One but lost and shame of the reparations payments due to the Treaty of Versailles all impacted on the country's nationalism due to its democratic government agreeing with the Treaty. Due to their nationalistic ways the people of Germany could not let the system of government which ~~ruined~~ ruined them rule again.

Once Germany lost the war and wanted peace before it continued they had to sign the Treaty of Versailles which had the greatest impact on Germany after World War One. The Germans were ashamed to be forced to admit that they began the war and must now pay reparation to amend the destruction of the war which brought the country's financial problems which kept on increasing and leading to more financial problems. Nationalism was being brought down as no one could be proud of their country with a government which is destroying the country.

Germany was telling its people that they would win the war which obviously did not happen. The democratic government lied to its people, their nationalist views would have been destroyed. The government had failed and a lack of nationalism in their government brought democracy to failure.

In the treaty of Versailles the Germans had to pay reparation for the damage they have caused during the war, the people were ashamed of this and lost their nationalist ways and belief in the country this was the failure of the democratic party.

Nationalism was a cause of failure of the democratic government in Germany because of the lack of nationalism in Germany because of the government's decisions after world war one such as the treaty of Versailles, the fact that Germany was told it would win the war and the shame of the reparations payments.