

13.a) Albert Speer

Albert Speer was Hitler's architect, Speer created many of Hitler's buildings including his chancellery and designed many other significant things in Hitler's life. Speer was always seen next to Hitler, he was a very important figure to Hitler as Speer designed ~~Hitler's~~ his life and its surroundings.

Speer designed the chancellery in a way that typified Hitler, 'Big and Bold'. He designed this building in a way that made it a fortress for people to come into and made Hitler seem very important. The fact that he made Hitler's office at the back of the building would give visitors a nervous walk all the way through the corridors just to see Hitler.

b) Albert Speer

History of events gives us a personality view on Albert Speer. The first one I will talk about is the fact that he is anti-Nazi and did not agree with Hitler most of the time. Hitler's views at time of war were agreed upon by most people. Albert Speer did not think he couldn't see anything wrong with Jewish the Jewish community and Hitler's rules and <sup>Policies</sup> ~~rules~~ towards them.

Speer and his guilt was another big thing. He was often sure about things and his personality was very quiet. At one of Himmler's speech, Albert Speer was adamant that he disagreed with what he was saying but then said to Hitler that he did not attend the speech by

Hitler and claimed <sup>he heard</sup> ~~he heard~~ it from  
someone else. Hitler was indubitable  
about the incident and could not understand  
how he could relate to the issues, and then  
Hitler didn't believe that ~~he was~~ Albert  
Speer claimed he wasn't there ~~at~~ at  
all throughout the speech.

Albert Speer was a <sup>quiet</sup> ~~quiet~~ but also very  
guilty and ~~was~~ assured about himself. We  
learn about this through many historians  
including Alistair Seming's book 'Albert Speer.'