

a.) $\mathbb{R} =$ all values of x , except $x \neq 5$ or -5

$$\mathbb{R} = y \geq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b.) (i)} \log_{10}(2^{1000}) &= 1000 \log_{10} 2 \\ &= 301.0299957 \\ &\hat{=} 301.030 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{(ii)} \quad 2^{10} = 1024$$

$$\text{c.)} \quad 2^{1000} = (2^{10})^3$$

$$\therefore 2^{1000} = (1024)^3$$

$$= 1073741824$$

\therefore there are 10 digits when written as a numeral.

$$\text{c.)} \quad \cancel{12100} \quad 1 = r\theta \quad \therefore r = \frac{8l}{\theta}$$

$$\cancel{12100} \quad 8 = \cancel{12100} \times 30^\circ$$

$$r = \frac{l}{\theta}$$

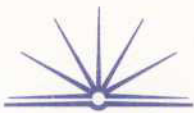
$$= \frac{8}{30 \times \frac{\pi}{180}}$$

$$= \frac{8}{\left(\frac{30\pi}{180}\right)}$$

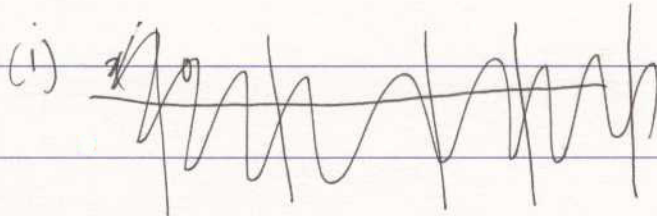
$$= 8 \times \frac{180}{30\pi}$$

$$= \frac{48}{\pi}$$

$$= 15.28 \text{ cm} = \cancel{1528 \text{ mm}}$$



4.) (i) $f(x) = \frac{4}{2} [0 + 2(1.3 + 1.7) + 0]$
 $= 2 [2 \times 3]$
 $= 12$



$$\frac{h}{2} [y_0 + 2(y_1 + y_2 + \dots + y_{n-1}) + y_n]$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{4}{2} [0 + 2(1.3 + 1.7) + 0]$$

$$2 [2 \times 3]$$

$$2 \times 6$$

$$= 12 \text{ m}$$

(ii)